***Julius Caesar* Name:**

***Julius Caesar* Background Information Date:**

**DIRECTIONS: Fill in the notes while following the PowerPoint.**

**A Brief History of Rome**

* Rome before \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (8th century BC)
  + Led by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kings during this time
  + The rape of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: an Etruscan king’s son rapes a Roman lady of exceptional \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She makes this public and then stabs herself.
  + There is an uprising, and this pushes the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ out of Rome.

**Senators, Consuls, and Tribunes** (from 509 BC)

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ BC: founding of Roman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Dictator (or Emperor)
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + elected for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ months
* The Roman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + consists of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ members
  + This position is for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ those who will take their place if they die.
  + They choose \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to become heads of state (known as praetors or consuls)
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ /Consuls
  + elected for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ year only
  + They govern \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  + They must \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on every decision.
* Tribunes
  + They make sure the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the people are being considered.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Rome (divided into two classes)
    - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: urban poor freed slaves
    - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: wealthy citizens

**Julius Caesar**

* Triumvirs: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + The First \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: Julius Caesar, Crassus, Pompey
* Caesar: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + led military victories against \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (now France and Belgium) and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Pompey feared his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  + Ordered Caesar to give up his army.
  + Caesar refused, led army to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ against Pompey
  + Caesar forced Pompey and rivals to flee to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  He pursued Pompey to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, where he discovered Pompey had been \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Pompey’s forces reorganized
  + final battle in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Caesar vs. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + Caesar \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  + The beginning of Shakespeare’s play – Caesar returning from this battle
* Caesar was seen as a possible end to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and its democratic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.